Tasmanian Oak

Prime Grade Tasmanian Oak Flooring

Prime grade Tasmanian oak flooring is a new industry grade product which features a high quality product mix reflective of the significant heritage of the timber and its truly iconic stance in the Australian timber scape.

This elite mixture of natural features and serviceability give the purchaser a truly hard wearing timber floor made unique by its own innate natural properties.

Prime grade may contain natural feature such as gum trace and, natural colour varigation as well as some other features as outlined in the grade description.

Tasmanian Oak is usually sold free of sapwood. Burl or hobnail feature may be present, as there is no limitation on them in any of the grades. None of the grades contain timber with decay, compression failures, shakes, splits or other fractures. Want, wane and mechanical damage are permitted only on concealed surfaces.

All grades of timber are allowed the same amount of distortion; this is governed by product type rather than timber grade. Thus, a product of any grade can be expected to fit readily into its intended application. However a pack of timber of this particular grade will have a fair distribution of boards with the amount of feature allowed in that grade.



PrimeGrade has a relatively even grain and figure that provides a rich but generally uniform texture and surface.

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Feature			
Natural stain or discolouration	May be present.	Holes	Small holes up to 2mm in diameter may be present. The maximum number of holes varies with the board width.
Other discolouration	Not present, except if product is to be painted.		For boards between 50 and 100mm wide, 5 holes are
Quartersawn tight	Small amount may be present. Individual tight gum veins may be up to 3mm wide and 450mm in length. Aggregate length of all tight gum		allowed in any 100mm with a total of 10 holes allowed in any 900mm length. For boards wider than 100mm, 8 holes are allowed in any 100mm length with a total of 16 holes allowed in any 900mm length.
gam vem	veins present is less than half of the board length.	Tight knots	Tight knots may be present, but they must be smaller
•	Backsawn gum vein may be present, but will be a maximum of 2mm deep, Im long and 30mm wide across the largest dimension.	•	in aggregate than 25mm measured across their largest dimension, or $^{1}/_{4}$ of the surface width for any Im of board length.
Loose gum vein	There may be loose gum veins present up to 3mm wide. They will not intersect a board end or extend from surface to surface, and the aggregate length of all loose gum veins present will be less than 1/5 of the board length.		Small checks may be present, but they will each be less than 1.5mm wide and 250mm long.
Gum & latex pockets, overgrowth of injury	Not present.		

for further information contact:

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